

or other persons only on conditions prescribed by the Board, which may include the payment of the costs of copying or transcription. Each party is responsible for obtaining its own copy of the transcript if one is prepared.

(b) *Corrections.* Corrections to an official transcript will be made only when they involve errors affecting its substance. The Board may order such corrections on motion or on its own initiative, and only after notice to the parties giving them opportunity to object. Such corrections will ordinarily be made either by hand with pen and ink or by the appending of an errata sheet, but when no other method of correction is practicable the Board may require the reporter to provide substitute or additional pages.

6101.25 Briefs and memoranda of law [Rule 125].

(a) *Form and content of briefs and memoranda of law.* Briefs and memoranda of law shall be typewritten on standard size 8½ by 11-inch paper. Otherwise, no particular form or organization is prescribed. Posthearing briefs should, at a minimum, succinctly set forth

(1) The facts of the case with citations to those places in the record where supporting evidence can be found and

(2) Argument with citations to supporting legal authorities. Memoranda of law should generally adhere as closely as practicable to the form and content of briefs.

(b) *Submission of posthearing briefs.* Except as the Board may otherwise order, posthearing briefs shall be filed 30 calendar days after the Board's receipt of the transcript; reply briefs, if filed, shall be filed 15 calendar days after the parties' receipt of the initial posthearing briefs. The Board will notify the parties of the date of its receipt of the transcript. In the event one party has elected a hearing and the other party has elected to submit its case on the record pursuant to 6101.11, the filing of record submissions in the form of briefs shall be governed by this section.

6101.26 Consolidation; separate hearings; separate determination of liability [Rule 126].

(a) *Consolidation.* When cases involving common questions of law or fact are pending, the Board may:

(1) Order a joint hearing of any or all of the matters at issue in the cases;

(2) Order the cases consolidated; or

(3) Make such other orders concerning the proceedings therein as are intended to avoid unnecessary costs or delay.

(b) *Separate hearings.* The Board may order a separate hearing of any case or cases or of any claims or issues or number of claims or issues therein. The Board may enter appropriate orders or decisions with respect to any claims or issues that are heard separately.

(c) *Separate determinations of liability.* The Board may:

(1) Limit a hearing to those issues of law and fact relating to the right of a party to recover, reserving the determination of the amount of recovery, if any, for other proceedings; and

(2) In its decision of an appeal, irrespective of whether there is evidence in the record concerning the amount of recovery, and whether or not a stipulation or order has been made, reserve determination of the amount of recovery for other proceedings. In any instance in which the Board has reserved its determination of the amount of recovery for other proceedings, its decision on the question of the right to recover shall be final, subject to the provisions of 6101.30 through 6101.33.

6101.27 Stay or suspension of proceedings; dismissals in lieu of stay or suspension [Rule 127].

(a) *Stay of proceedings to obtain contracting officer's decision.* The Board may in its discretion stay proceedings to permit a contracting officer to issue a decision when an appeal has been taken from the contracting officer's alleged failure to render a timely decision.

(b) *Suspension for other cause.* The Board may suspend proceedings in a case for good cause. The order suspending proceedings will prescribe the duration of the suspension or the conditions on which it will expire. The order may also prescribe actions to be